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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference WPP87054 International application No. PCT/GB 03/05442		FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
		International filing date (day)	month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 12.12.2002
nternational Patent 101 M4/80, H01	Classification (IPC) or b M4/66, H01 M4/04, H	oth national classification and I IO1M4/32, HO1M4/48, C2	PC 25D3/16, C25D3	3/02
Applicant JNIVERSITY C	F SOUTHAMPTON	· 1		
I. This internal	ational preliminary exa nd is transmitted to the	mination report has been per applicant according to Arti	repared by this licle 36.	nternational Preliminary Examining
2. This REPC	PRT consists of a total	of 6 sheets, including this	cover sheet.	
been (see	amended and are the Rule 70.16 and Section	on 607 of the Administrative		iption, claims and/or drawings which have g rectifications made before this Authority er the PCT).
These ann	exes consist of a total	of 3 sheets.	:	
_		relating to the following iten	1 s:	
ı 🛛	Basis of the opinion	·		
ı ⊠ 11 □	Basis of the opinion	·		ep and industrial applicability
	Basis of the opinion Priority Non-establishment of	of opinion with regard to nov	velty, inventive st	ep and industrial applicability
ı ⊠ 11 □	Basis of the opinion Priority Non-establishment of Lack of unity of inve	of opinion with regard to nov ntion of under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with	velty, inventive st	ep and industrial applicability y, inventive step or industrial applicability;
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ı	Rasis	of the	report
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With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Desc	ription, Pages		;
	1-25		as originally filed	•
	Clain 1-17	ns, Numbers	filed with telefax on 01.03.2005	1 199
	Drav	vings, Sheets		
		16/16	as originally filed	
2.	lang	uage in which the inter	ge, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Au mational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this iten	,
	The	se elements were avai	ilable or furnished to this Authority in the following language:, which i	s:
		the language of a tran	nslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rul	e 23.1(b)).
		the language of public	cation of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).	
		the language of a trar Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	nslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examinations.	
3.	With inte	n regard to any nucleo rnational preliminary e	otide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international applica examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:	ation, the
			national application in written form.	
		filed together with the	e international application in computer readable form.	
		furnished subsequen	itly to this Authority in written form.	
		furnished subsequen	otly to this Authority in computer readable form.	
		in the international at	he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond to pplication as filed has been furnished.	
		The statement that the listing has been furni	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the wri	men sequence
	. Th	e amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:	
		the description,	pages:	
		the claims,	Nos.:	
		the drawings,	sheets:	

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5.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).
•		(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)
6	۸da	titional observations, if necessary:

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Yes: Claims 1-17 Novelty (N) Claims No: 12,14-16 Yes: Claims Inventive step (IS) 1-10,11,13,17 Claims No: Yes: Claims Industrial applicability (IA)

No:

Claims

2. Citations and explanations

A 100

see separate sheet

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Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: NELSON P A ET AL: "MESOPOROUS NICKEL/NICKEL OXIDE ELECTRODES FOR HIGH POWER APPLICATIONS" JOURNAL OF NEW MATERIALS FOR ELECTROCHEMICAL SYSTEMS, ECOLE POLYTECHNIQUE DE MONTREAL, MONTREAL, CA, vol. 5, no. 1, January 2002 (2002-01), pages 63-65, XP001046009 ISSN: 1480-2422
- D2: NELSON P A ET AL: "MESOPOROUS NICKEL/NICKEL OXIDE-A NANOARCHITECTURED ELECTRODE" CHEMISTRY OF MATERIALS, AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, WASHINGTON, US, vol. 14, no. 2, February 2002 (2002-02), pages 524-529, XP001163942 ISSN: 0897-4756
- D3: US-B-6 203 9251 (GOELTNER CHRISTINE ET AL) 20 March 2001 (2001-03-20)
- D4: WO 99/00536 A (ATTARD GEORGE SIMON; BARTLETT PHILIP NIGEL (GB); ELLIOTT JOANNE (GB);) 7 January 1999 (1999-01-07)

The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of at least claims 1-10, 11 and 17 and 18 is not inventive in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.

- In the present case the Inventor's and/or Applicant's publications D1, D2 as well as 1. their patent applications D3 or D4 would deprive novelty for the cell structure as defined in said claims for the following reasons:
- D1 discloses (see "2. Experimental", p.63) the application of a method for hexagonal 2. lattice mesoporous Ni/Ni-oxide electrodes not different to the one disclosed in the description (example 9(ii)) according to the present application. Given the geometrical characteristics on the porosity as given in p.64, "Results and discussion", the produced electrodes comprise Ni, Ni-oxide and "a few monolayers" of NiOOH, i.e. the most preferable substances according to the present application (p.3, I.20). Direct reference to the use of such an electrode is done in D1 (p.65, item 4,

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penultimate and ultimate sentence) in supecapacitor devices and as current collector in "alkaline solution" which imply at least another electrode and an electrolyte. Furthermore, at least in the experimental phase of the thus produced electrode of D1, tests were performed under "cell conditions".

Therefore, at least the subject-matter of claims 1-6,9,10 and 17 insofar the cell is concerned is not novel though the direct disclosure of D1.

Furthermore, the subject-matter of claims 7 and 8 is also not considered novel in an implicit way, since the same manufacturing method of the electrode(s) would provide the same properties as those disclosed in said claims.

In D2 (p.525, experimental section) it appears that the same type of experiments was performed with both Brij 56 and 78 surfactants, producing (p.527) hexagonal mesoporous structures of Ni and Ni hydroxides having pores of same size (p.525) taking into account the center to center pore spacing. Reference is also given (in the same passage of left column of p.525) to mesoporous Co structures. Thus novelty cannot be acknowledged for the cell construction of the claims as previously referred.

In D3 at least a metal oxide of preferably platinum or nickel, palladium, gold or a combination of the above is formed by the known templating method for anodic or cathodic electrode applications (col.6, l.4-7) having the claimed porous structure and . O. 1 size (col.4, l.32-52).

Thus the cell structure of of claims 1,2,4,5-10, and 17 is not novel. It appears also that the subject-matter of claim 3 it is also implicitly disclosed because not a different from the claimed method is used in D3.

The same objection as above appears valid in view of the document D4, in particular the examples 1,5-9,11,12.

Dependent (upon "any preceding claim") claims 11 and 13 relate to the negative 2. electrode construction (cl.11) and to the nature (cl.13) of the same. It is to be noted that claim 11 cannot be delimited by the use of a known electrode as a negative or a positive one given that duplication of said known electrodes in a cell structure under the features as defined in the combined embodiment of claims 1 and 11 (i.e. without any characteristic on the material (metal) nature) would not provide an

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inventive step (Art 33(3) PCT).

On the other part, cell and electrodes features should be correctly delimited to the combination of materials credibly tested in the application as filed.

The application (claims) is not delimited to those features sufficiently disclosed and being able to distinguish them from the cited documents.

The mere integration of the "portable electronic device" in the subject matter of claims can formally render novel the claims, however, the use in general of cells in portable electronic devices cannot substantiate an inventive activity. For all the above reasons, the application does not conform with the provisions of Art.33(3) PCT.